The Gospel in Romans Part 25 Rom. 13:8-14

•	The Ce	entrality of	in Christian	(8-10)		
	0	Love is a debt we	to the world.	(v.8)		
	0	Referring to Lev. 19:	:18, Paul tells us (3 tim	es) that love is the _	of the Law.	
		(cf. Mt. 22:37-39)				
	0	If you love others, yo	ou will not	them. (vv. 9-10)		
	 Love is the criterion by which the world will know 				ill know	we are disciples, even
			e are disciples. (John 1			
	0	This isn't just about	individual	, it is about glob	al	
	0	Love is a	of God's Spirit (Ro	om. 5:5), must be	(Rom. 12:9),	
		is a we h	nave toward others (Ro	om. 12:10) and a	we owe to the	
		world (Rom. 13:8).				
•	The Fo		in Consummated _			
	0	Paul explains the for	undation of Christian o	conduct by grounding	g in	
	0					
	0	,				
			the nations at the end	d of world history.		
	o Eschaton means "" and refers to the final consummation				e final consummation of	
		God's				
	o Paul is saying that in the death, resurrection, and exaltation of Christ, with the					
		•	ost, that "the age to co	me" has begun and i	now with	
		"the present age."				
	0	_	vill fully arrive with th			
	0		, beca	use the night is almo	ost over, and the light of	
		day is near!				
	0	If you plan on living in the light of new creation, you better start				
	0		nd deeds of			
	0		about sin, _	i	ts pleasures,	
		for its indulgence.				

The Gospel in Romans Part 25 Rom. 13:8-14

- The Centrality of <u>Love</u> in Christian <u>Conduct</u> (8-10)
 - O Love is a debt we <u>owe</u> to the world. (v.8)
 - Referring to Lev. 19:18, Paul tells us (3 times) that love is the <u>fulfillment</u> of the Law. (cf. Mt. 22:37-39)
 - o If you love others, you will not <u>harm</u> them. (vv. 9-10)

- Love is the criterion by which the world will know that we are disciples, even whether we are disciples. (John 13:34-35)
- o This isn't just about individual salvation, it is about global evangelization.
- Love is a <u>gift</u> of God's Spirit (Rom. 5:5), must be <u>authentic</u> (Rom. 12:9), is a <u>duty</u> we have toward others (Rom. 12:10) and a debt we owe to the world (Rom. 13:8).
- The Foundation of <u>Ethics</u> in Consummated <u>Kingdom</u> (11-14)
 - o Paul explains the foundation of Christian conduct by grounding ethics in eschatology.
 - Scripture divides <u>history</u> into "the present age" and "the age to come."
 - The "age to come" is "the Day of the Lord" when God will <u>rescue</u> His people and <u>judge</u> the nations at the end of world history.
 - o Eschaton means "last things" and refers to the final consummation of God's kingdom.
 - Paul is saying that in the death, resurrection, and exaltation of Christ, with the coming of the Spirit at Pentecost, that "the age to come" has begun and now <u>overlaps</u> with "the present age."
 - o "The age to come" will fully arrive with the <u>return</u> of Christ.
 - We must, then, wake up, because the night is almost over and the light of day is near!
 - o If you plan on living in the light of new creation, you better start now.
 - We reject the sins and deeds of <u>darkness</u> and put on the armor of light.
 - We are not to <u>fantasize</u> about sin, <u>contemplate</u> its pleasures, <u>plan</u> for its indulgence.